



Three Year Assessment Cycle for Fall 2025- Spring 2028

Program Name: Economics

Assessment Coordinator: Sandhya Patlolla

	2025-2026	2026-2027	2027-2028
Fall	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p> <p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p>	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p>	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p>

	<p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p> <p>Course ECON 210: Economics of the Environment</p> <p>SLO 1: Use the economic concept of market failures to assess economic policy tools to alleviate pollution and other environmental problems.</p>	<p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p> <p>Course ECON 210: Economics of the Environment</p> <p>SLO 1: Use the economic concept of market failures to assess economic policy tools to alleviate pollution and other environmental problems.</p>	<p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p> <p>Course ECON 210: Economics of the Environment</p> <p>SLO 1: Use the economic concept of market failures to assess economic policy tools to alleviate pollution and other environmental problems.</p>
--	--	--	--

	<p>SLO 2: Explain the current course of climate change and what economic activities are driving it.</p> <p>SLO 3: Apply the different policy approaches to the impact of climate change on human society.</p>	<p>SLO 2: Explain the current course of climate change and what economic activities are driving it.</p> <p>SLO 3: Apply the different policy approaches to the impact of climate change on human society.</p>	<p>SLO 2: Explain the current course of climate change and what economic activities are driving it.</p> <p>SLO 3: Apply the different policy approaches to the impact of climate change on human society.</p>
Spring	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p> <p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p>	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p> <p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p>	<p>Course ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics</p> <p>SLO 1: Ability to explain the causes and consequences of business cycle fluctuations using Keynesian economic theory and a basic understanding of the U.S. economy and its institutions in a global context.</p> <p>SLO 2: Ability to analyze and evaluate changes in markets using the supply and demand model, in particular the markets for money and currency exchange.</p> <p>SLO 3: Ability to describe appropriate government policy responses to economic instability through fiscal and monetary policy.</p> <p>Course ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics</p>

	<p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p>	<p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p>	<p>SLO 1: Analyze and evaluate changes in market prices and quantities using the supply and demand model and the ability to interpret the outcomes of the supply and demand model using elasticities.</p> <p>SLO 2: Compare and contrast the characteristics and outcomes of perfectly and imperfectly competitive markets using a basic model of the firm's costs and revenues in both the short and long run.</p> <p>SLO 3: Describe alternative government policy responses to imperfect competition and market failures in terms of taxes and regulation and to compare and contrast the different options.</p>
Featured ISLO	Critical and Creative Thinking	Lifelong Wellness	Effective Communication

Which of that year's course(s) will be used to assess the featured ISLO?	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics 2. ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics 3. ECON 210: Economics of the Environment 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics 2. ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics 3. ECON 210: Economics of the Environment 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. ECON 100: Principles of Macroeconomics 2. ECON 102: Principles of Microeconomics 3. ECON 210: Economics of the Environment
--	---	---	---

** Information Literacy and Community Engagement will be assessed in 2028-2029 and 2029-2030 respectively*